

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. *Point Group:* *m*. Displaying forms {012},{210},{101},{ $\bar{1}$ 01} and {010}, crystals are well-formed equant to short prismatic, to 0.1 mm.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Fracture:* n.d. *Tenacity:* n.d. *Hardness* = 1.5-2  
D(meas.) = 2.41(1) D(calc.) = 2.397

**Optical Properties:** Translucent. *Color:* Brown to dark brown. *Streak:* Brown. *Luster:* Vitreous.  
*Optical Class:* Biaxial (-).  $\alpha = 1.585(3)$   $\beta = 1.615(3)$   $\gamma = 1.630(3)$

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* *Cc*.  $a = 18.284(4)$   $b = 12.073(2)$   $c = 9.535(2)$   $Z = 4$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** La Fossa crater, Vulcano, Aeolian Islands, Sicily, Italy.  
2.812 (100), 2.664 (77), 3.297 (28), 3.208 (14), 3.008 (12), 2.942 (11), 7.36 (8)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O	[9.64]	10.91
K <sub>2</sub> O	8.61	6.58
Na <sub>2</sub> O	8.72	8.65
FeO	[8.75]	10.03
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	[9.72]	11.15
MnO	1.21	
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.87	
SO <sub>3</sub>	32.93	33.53
Cl	24.70	24.74
<u>-O=Cl</u>	<u>5.58</u>	<u>5.59</u>
Total	99.57	100.00

(1) La Fossa crater, Vulcano, Sicily, Italy; average of 12 electron microprobe analyses, (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O calculated from stoichiometry and confirmed by IR spectroscopy, Fe<sup>2+</sup>/Fe<sup>3+</sup> calculated from structure analysis; corresponding to (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2.68</sub>K<sub>1.32</sub>Na<sub>2.04</sub>Fe<sub>1.76</sub>Al<sub>0.12</sub>Mn<sub>0.12</sub>S<sub>2.98</sub>O<sub>11.95</sub>Cl<sub>5.05</sub>.

(2) (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>KNa<sub>2</sub>Fe<sup>2+</sup>Fe<sup>3+</sup>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>5</sub>.

**Occurrence:** A sublimate on pyroclastic breccia in a medium temperature (~250°C) intracrater active volcanic fumarole.

**Association:** Salammoniac, kremersite, adranosite.

**Distribution:** (Fumarole FA) at La Fossa crater, Vulcano, Aeolian Islands, Sicily, Italy.

**Name:** For the type locality, *Therasia*, one of the ancient names for Vulcano island (from the Greek for “warm earth”).

**Type Material:** In the Reference Collection, Department of Chemistry, University of Milan, Italy (specimen number 2013-01).

**References:** (1) Demartin, F., C. Castellano, and I. Camprostrini (2014) Therasiaite, (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>KNa<sub>2</sub>Fe<sup>2+</sup>Fe<sup>3+</sup>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>5</sub>, a new sulfate chloride from La Fossa Crater, Vulcano, Aeolian islands, Italy. *Mineral. Mag.*, 78(1), 203-213. (2) (2014) *Amer. Mineral.*, 99, 1811 (abs. ref. 1).