

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. Crystals are doubly terminated, platy prismatic to a few tenths of a millimeter, elongate along [001], platy on {100}, showing {010}, {001}, {023}, {423}, and {210}; in crusts to 1.2 mm.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* Poor on {010}. *Tenacity:* Brittle. *Fracture:* Uneven. Hardness = 2.5-3 D(meas.) = 1.91(2) D(calc.) = 1.90

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Snow-white to colorless. *Streak:* White. *Luster:* Vitreous. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (-).  $\alpha = 1.453(2)$   $\beta = 1.459(2)$   $\gamma = \text{n.d.}$   $2V = \text{n.d.}$  *Orientation:*  $X \wedge c = 0-7^\circ$ .

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* P2<sub>1</sub>/n.  $a = 14.71(1)$   $b = 9.33(1)$   $c = 15.13(2)$   $\beta = 89.8(1)^\circ$   $Z = 4$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Kazennitsa pegmatite, Alabashka pegmatite field, Middle Urals, Russia. 7.36 (100), 6.95 (90), 10.50 (75), 3.316 (60), 2.889 (60), 3.162 (50), 2.391 (48)

<b>Chemistry:</b>	(1)
Na <sub>2</sub> O	14.80
K <sub>2</sub> O	0.05
CaO	0.20
MgO	0.14
MnO	11.20
FeO	0.15
P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	35.23
H <sub>2</sub> O	[36.46]
Total	98.23

(1) Kazennitsa pegmatite, Alabashka pegmatite field, Middle Urals, Russia; average electron microprobe analysis, H<sub>2</sub>O calculated for the ideal formula; corresponds to (Mn<sub>0.95</sub>Mg<sub>0.02</sub>Fe<sub>0.01</sub>)<sub>Σ=0.98</sub>(Na<sub>2.86</sub>Ca<sub>0.02</sub>K<sub>0.01</sub>)<sub>Σ=2.89</sub>P<sub>2.98</sub>O<sub>9.87</sub>·12.13H<sub>2</sub>O.

**Occurrence:** In the vuggy, microcline-albite-quartz-muscovite central zone of a granitic pegmatite vein.

**Association:** Quartz, topaz, cassiterite, coated by muscovite and stellerite.

**Distribution:** From the Kazennitsa pegmatite, Alabashka pegmatite field, Middle Urals, Russia.

**Name:** Honors mining historian Aleksandr *Kanonerov* Anatol'evich (1955-2003) of the Nizhnii Tagil Museum of Mining Industry of the Middle Urals, who first collected the mineral in 1995.

**Type Material:** Mineralogical Museum, Ilmen Natural Reserve, Miass, Russia (ms6160).

**References:** (1) Popova, V.I., V.A. Popov, E.V. Sokolova, G. Ferraris, and N.V. Chukanov (2002) Kanonerovite, MnNa<sub>3</sub>P<sub>3</sub>O<sub>10</sub>·12H<sub>2</sub>O, first triphosphate mineral (Kazennitsa pegmatite, Middle Urals, Russia). Neues Jahrb. Mineral. Mon., 117-127. (2) (2002) Amer. Mineral., 87, 1732 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Lightfoot, P. and A.K. Cheetham (1987) Structure of manganese(II) trisodium tripolyphosphate dodecahydrate. Acta Crystal., C43, 4-7.